

# Mailparse

# Introduction

Mailparse is an extension for parsing and working with email messages. It can deal with [» RFC 822](#) and [» RFC 2045](#) ( *MIME* ) compliant messages.

Mailparse is stream based, which means that it does not keep in-memory copies of the files it processes - so it is very resource efficient when dealing with large messages.

<b>Note</b>
Mailparse requires the <a href="#">mbstring</a> extension, and mbstring must be loaded before mailparse.

This extension has been moved to the [» PECL](#) repository and is no longer bundled with PHP as of PHP 4.2.0.

# Installing/Configuring

## Requirements

No external libraries are needed to build this extension.

## Installation

This [» PECL](#) extension is not bundled with PHP. Information for installing this PECL extension may be found in the manual chapter titled [Installation of PECL extensions](#). Additional information such as new releases, downloads, source files, maintainer information, and a CHANGELOG, can be located here: [» http://pecl.php.net/package/mailparse](#).

In order to use these functions you must compile PHP with mailparse support by using the `--enable-mailparse` configure option.

Windows users will enable *php\_mailparse.dll* inside of *php.ini* in order to use these functions. The DLL for this PECL extension may be downloaded from either the [» PHP Downloads](#) page or from [» http://pecl4win.php.net/](#)

## Runtime Configuration

The behaviour of these functions is affected by settings in *php.ini*.

### Mailparse configuration options

Name	Default	Changeable	Changelog
mailparse.def_charset	"us-ascii"	PHP_INI_ALL	Available since PHP 4.1.0. Removed in PHP 4.2.0.

For further details and definitions of the `PHP_INI_*` constants, see the [php.ini directives](#).

## Resource Types

This extension has no resource types defined.

# Predefined Constants

The constants below are defined by this extension, and will only be available when the extension has either been compiled into PHP or dynamically loaded at runtime.

**MAILPARSE\_EXTRACT\_OUTPUT** ( [integer](#) )

**MAILPARSE\_EXTRACT\_STREAM** ( [integer](#) )

**MAILPARSE\_EXTRACT\_RETURN** ( [integer](#) )

# Mailparse Functions

# mailparse\_determine\_best\_xfer\_encoding

mailparse\_determine\_best\_xfer\_encoding -- Gets the best way of encoding

## Description

string **mailparse\_determine\_best\_xfer\_encoding** ( resource *\$fp* )

Figures out the best way of encoding the content read from the given file pointer.

## Parameters

*fp*

A valid file pointer, which must be seek-able.

## Return Values

Returns one of the character encodings supported by the [mbstring](#) module.

## Examples

### Example #1 - [mailparse\\_determine\\_best\\_xfer\\_encoding\(\)](#) example

```
<?php
$fp = fopen('somemail.eml', 'r');
echo 'Best encoding: ' . mailparse_determine_best_xfer_encoding($fp);

?>
```

The above example will output something similar to:

```
Best encoding: 7bit
```

# mailparse\_msg\_create

mailparse\_msg\_create -- Create a mime mail resource

## Description

resource **mailparse\_msg\_create** ( void )

Create a *MIME* mail resource.

## Return Values

Returns a handle that can be used to parse a message.

## See Also

- [mailparse\\_msg\\_free\(\)](#)
- [mailparse\\_msg\\_parse\\_file\(\)](#)

# mailparse\_msg\_extract\_part\_file

mailparse\_msg\_extract\_part\_file -- Extracts/decodes a message section

## Description

```
string mailparse_msg_extract_part_file ( resource $mimemail, mixed $filename [,  
callback $callbackfunc ] )
```

Extracts/decodes a message section from the supplied filename.

The contents of the section will be decoded according to their transfer encoding - base64, quoted-printable and uuencoded text are supported.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource, created with [mailparse\\_msg\\_create\(\)](#).

*filename*

Can be a file name or a valid stream resource.

*callbackfunc*

If set, this must be either a valid callback that will be passed the extracted section, or **NULL** to make this function return the extracted section. If not specified, the contents will be sent to "stdout".

## Return Values

If *callbackfunc* is not **NULL** returns **TRUE** on success.

If *callbackfunc* is set to **NULL**, returns the extracted section as a string.

Returns **FALSE** on error.

## See Also

- [mailparse\\_msg\\_extract\\_part\(\)](#)
- [mailparse\\_msg\\_extract\\_whole\\_part\\_file\(\)](#)



# mailparse\_msg\_extract\_part

mailparse\_msg\_extract\_part -- Extracts/decodes a message section

## Description

```
void mailparse_msg_extract_part ( resource $mimemail, string $msgbody [, callback $callbackfunc ] )
```

Warning
This function is currently not documented; only its argument list is available.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource.

*msgbody*

*callbackfunc*

## Return Values

No value is returned.

## See Also

- [mailparse\\_msg\\_extract\\_part\\_file\(\)](#)
- [mailparse\\_msg\\_extract\\_whole\\_part\\_file\(\)](#)

# mailparse\_msg\_extract\_whole\_part\_file

mailparse\_msg\_extract\_whole\_part\_file -- Extracts a message section including headers without decoding the transfer encoding

## Description

string **mailparse\_msg\_extract\_whole\_part\_file** ( resource \$mimemail, string \$filename [, [callback](#) \$callbackfunc ] )

Warning
This function is currently not documented; only its argument list is available.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource.

*filename*

*callbackfunc*

## Return Values

## See Also

- [mailparse\\_msg\\_extract\\_part\(\)](#)
- [mailparse\\_msg\\_extract\\_part\\_file\(\)](#)

# mailparse\_msg\_free

mailparse\_msg\_free -- Frees a MIME resource

## Description

bool **mailparse\_msg\_free** ( resource \$mimemail )

Frees a *MIME* resource.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource allocated by [mailparse\\_msg\\_create\(\)](#) or [mailparse\\_msg\\_parse\\_file\(\)](#).

## Return Values

Returns **TRUE** on success or **FALSE** on failure.

## See Also

- [mailparse\\_msg\\_create\(\)](#)
- [mailparse\\_msg\\_parse\\_file\(\)](#)

# mailparse\_msg\_get\_part\_data

mailparse\_msg\_get\_part\_data -- Returns an associative array of info about the message

## Description

array **mailparse\_msg\_get\_part\_data** ( resource \$mimemail )

<b>Warning</b>
This function is currently not documented; only its argument list is available.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource.

# mailparse\_msg\_get\_part

mailparse\_msg\_get\_part -- Returns a handle on a given section in a mimemessage

## Description

resource **mailparse\_msg\_get\_part** ( resource \$mimemail, string \$mimesection )

<b>Warning</b>
This function is currently not documented; only its argument list is available.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource.

*mimesection*

# mailparse\_msg\_get\_structure

mailparse\_msg\_get\_structure -- Returns an array of mime section names in the supplied message

## Description

array **mailparse\_msg\_get\_structure** ( resource \$mimemail )

<b>Warning</b>
This function is currently not documented; only its argument list is available.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource.

# mailparse\_msg\_parse\_file

mailparse\_msg\_parse\_file -- Parses a file

## Description

resource **mailparse\_msg\_parse\_file** ( string *\$filename* )

Parses a file. This is the optimal way of parsing a mail file that you have on disk.

## Parameters

*filename*

Path to the file holding the message. The file is opened and streamed through the parser.

## Return Values

Returns a *MIME* resource representing the structure, or **FALSE** on error.

## See Also

- [mailparse\\_msg\\_free\(\)](#)
- [mailparse\\_msg\\_create\(\)](#)

# mailparse\_msg\_parse

mailparse\_msg\_parse -- Incrementally parse data into buffer

## Description

bool **mailparse\_msg\_parse** ( resource \$mimemail, string \$data )

Incrementally parse data into the supplied mime mail resource.

This function allow you to stream portions of a file at a time, rather than read and parse the whole thing.

## Parameters

*mimemail*

A valid *MIME* resource.

*data*

## Return Values

Returns **TRUE** on success or **FALSE** on failure.



# mailparse\_rfc822\_parse\_addresses

mailparse\_rfc822\_parse\_addresses -- Parse RFC 822 compliant addresses

## Description

array **mailparse\_rfc822\_parse\_addresses** ( string *\$addresses* )

Parses a [» RFC 822](#) compliant recipient list, such as that found in the *To:* header.

## Parameters

*addresses*

A string containing addresses, like in: *Wez Furlong <wez@example.com>, doe@example.com*

### Note

This string must not include the header name.

## Return Values

Returns an array of associative arrays with the following keys for each recipient:

<i>display</i>	The recipient name, for display purpose. If this part is not set for a recipient, this key will hold the same value as <i>address</i> .
<i>address</i>	The email address
<i>is_group</i>	<b>TRUE</b> if the recipient is a newsgroup, <b>FALSE</b> otherwise.

## Examples

### Example #2 - [mailparse\\_rfc822\\_parse\\_addresses\(\)](#) example

```
<?php
$to = 'Wez Furlong <wez@example.com>, doe@example.com';
var_dump(mailparse_rfc822_parse_addresses($to));
```

?>

The above example will output:

```
array(2) {  
  [0]=>  
    array(3) {  
      ["display"]=>  
        string(11) "Wez Furlong"  
      ["address"]=>  
        string(15) "wez@example.com"  
      ["is_group"]=>  
        bool(false)  
    }  
  [1]=>  
    array(3) {  
      ["display"]=>  
        string(15) "doe@example.com"  
      ["address"]=>  
        string(15) "doe@example.com"  
      ["is_group"]=>  
        bool(false)  
    }  
}
```

# mailparse\_stream\_encode

mailparse\_stream\_encode -- Streams data from source file pointer, apply encoding and write to destfp

## Description

bool **mailparse\_stream\_encode** ( resource \$sourcefp, resource \$destfp, string \$encoding )

Streams data from the source file pointer, apply *encoding* and write to the destination file pointer.

## Parameters

*sourcefp*

A valid file handle. The file is streamed through the parser.

*destfp*

The destination file handle in which the encoded data will be written.

*encoding*

One of the character encodings supported by the [mbstring](#) module.

## Return Values

Returns **TRUE** on success or **FALSE** on failure.

## Examples

### Example #3 - [mailparse\\_stream\\_encode\(\)](#) example

```
<?php

// email.eml contents: hello, this is some text=hello.
$fp = fopen('email.eml', 'r');

$dest = tmpfile();

mailparse_stream_encode($fp, $dest, "quoted-printable");

rewind($dest);

// Display new file contents
fpassthru($dest);

?>
```

The above example will output:

```
hello, this is some text=3Dhello.
```

# mailparse\_uudecode\_all

mailparse\_uudecode\_all -- Scans the data from fp and extract each embedded uuencoded file

## Description

array **mailparse\_uudecode\_all** ( resource \$fp )

Scans the data from the given file pointer and extract each embedded uuencoded file into a temporary file.

## Parameters

*fp*

A valid file pointer.

## Return Values

Returns an array of associative arrays listing filename information.

<i>filename</i>	Path to the temporary file name created
<i>origfilename</i>	The original filename, for uuencoded parts only

The first filename entry is the message body. The next entries are the decoded uuencoded files.

## Examples

### Example #4 - [mailparse\\_uudecode\\_all\(\)](#) example

```
<?php

$text = <<<EOD
To: fred@example.com

hello, this is some text hello.
blah blah blah.

begin 644 test.txt
/=&AI<R!I<R!A( 'lE<W0*
`
end
```

```
EOD;

$fp = tmpfile();
fwrite($fp, $text);

$data = mailparse_uudecode_all($fp);

echo "BODY\n";
readfile($data[0]["filename"]);
echo "UUE ({ $data[1]['origfilename'] })\n";
readfile($data[1]["filename"]);

// Clean up
unlink($data[0]["filename"]);
unlink($data[1]["filename"]);

?>
```

The above example will output:

```
BODY
To: fred@example.com

hello, this is some text hello.
blah blah blah.

UUE (test.txt)
this is a test
```